

### FEATURES

- Compatible with controllers that output +/-10V analog torque commands for U & V phases
- Reduced offset drift
- FAULT PROTECTIONS
   Short-circuits
   output to output
   output to HV (+)
   output to HV (-)
   Over / under voltage
   Over temperature
   Self-reset or latch-off
- No Transformer Required! Operates from power supplies that rectify the line directly with full optical isolation between signal and power stages.
- CURRENT LIMITING User selectable, I<sup>2</sup>T Limit with, indicator signal for control system
- Greater than 3 kHz Bandwidth

#### WORKS WITH POPULAR CONTROLLERS

- Technology 80 5651A
- PMD MC1231A Chipset
- Delta Tau PMAC
- MEI DPS Series
- Galil DMC-1700

#### THE OEM ADVANTAGE

 Internal solderless header configures amplifier for plug and play operation

MODEL	POWER	I-CONT (A)	I-PEAK (A)
7225X1	24~180VDC	10	25



# FEATURES

The 7xx5X1 model is a PWM servoamplifier for AC Brushless servomotors that are commutated externally by digital control systems that output two +/-10V signals that represent the current command to the motor U and V windings. The amplifier synthesizes the current command for the W winding.

Control cards take feedback from an encoder on the motor and use various techniques to determine the rotor position. When this has been done, the controller is able to output two signals that correspond to the current in the U and V windings to produce torque in the motor. The amplifier synthesizes the W winding current from UV signals that are 120 electrical degrees apart.

Amplifier adjustments with this system consist of inductance compensation, current limit, transconductance, and offset. Thereafter, the controller does all of the velocity and/or position control of the motor. Internal solderless sockets let the user configure the various gain and current limit settings to customize the amplifiers for a wide range of loads and applications. Header components permit compensation over a wide range of load inductance's to maximize bandwidth with different motors.

The /Enable input active logic-level is jumper-selectable to ground or +5V to interface with all types of control cards.

MOSFET output stage deliver four quadrant power for bi-directional acceleration and deceleration of motors.

All models are protected against output short circuits (output to output, output to ground, output to +HV) and heatplate overtemperature. With the /Reset input open the amplifier will latch off until powered-down or the /Reset input is toggled. The amplifier will reset itself automatically from faults if the /Reset input is wired to GND.



# MODEL 7225X1 LINE-ISOLATED AC BRUSHLESS SERVO AMPLIFIER WITH +/-10V ANALOG U-V INPUTS

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Test conditions: 25°C. ambient, Load = 400uH in series with  $1\Omega$ , +HV = 180V

MODEL			7225X1		
OUTPUT POW	ER				
	Peak power		25 A @ 170 VDC		
	Peak time			2.4 sec at peak power independent of polarity reversal	
	Continuous power		10 A @ 180 VDC		
OUTPUT VOLT	AGE	,			
	On-resistance (Ro, oh	ms)			
	Max PWM Peak Outpu	ut Voltage		$\pm$ Vout = (VDC)×(0.97) - (R0)×(I0)	
INPUT POWER				aa (aa)/D0	
	DC voltage		rotion	22~186 VDC	
		uous ouipui	raung	IU A	
LOAD INDUCT	ANCE				
	Minimum inductance			400 μH.	
	Maximum inductance		No maximum. Band	width varies with inductance, +HV, and header parts.	
BANDWIDTH	Small signal		-3dB @ 3 kHz with	minimum load at nominal supply voltage. Varies with load inductance and header values	
PWM OUTPUT	s				
	PWM frequency			25 kHz	
	Modulation			Carrier-cancellation, 50% duty cycle at 0 V output	
REFERENCE I	NPUT			Differential, 94 k $\Omega$ max, to 47 k $\Omega$ min, between inputs, +20 V maximum	
DOTENTIONET					
POTENTIONE	EKS				
	R14 U Ref Fine Gain		Default = Center	CW increases gain of U output phase current.	
	R26 V Ref Fine Gain	_	Default = Center	Cvv increases gain of v output phase current.	
	R49 U phase current R41 V phase current	Zero Zero		Adjusts U output current to zero with U and V inputs = 0 V. Adjusts V output current to zero with U and V inputs = 0 V.	
		2010			
INTERNAL JUI	IP1 /Enable input ac	tivo polarity	Pos 1-2 (default)	Gnd enables amplifier, open or +5 V inhibits	
		ave polarity		Ond inhibits onen er (E.V. enchlos	
			P0S. 2-3	Gna innibits, open of +5 V enables	
LOGIC INPUTS	<b>;</b>				
	/Enable		Default = GND active	GND enables channel open or >2.5V inhibits with JP1 on 1-2. If JP1 on 2-3 then GND inhibits	
	Motomo		Motor tomp consor	Response time is 1 ms from enable active to amplifier output ON.	
	/wotenip		Notor temp sensor.	$I \cap (and) = Motor \cap K$ amp channel will operate	
	/Reset		Default = Open	GND resets latching fault condition, ground for self-reset every 1 s.	
			Input resistance	$10k\Omega$ to +5V, R-C filters on inputs	
			Logic threshold voltage	2.5V (Schmitt trigger inputs with hysteresis, 74HC14)	
			Input voltage range	0V to +32VDC	
LOGIC OUTPU	тѕ				
	/Normal			LO (current sinking) when channel is Enabled AND OK	
				Amp OK = (NOT Short) AND (NOT Over, Undervoltage, or Basetemp) AND (MotorTemp OK)	
	HI output v	oltage		+5V (no load). Output is N-channel MOSFET drain terminal with 10k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor to +5V	
	LO output	voltage		On resistance Ro = 5 $\Omega$ . Max sink current of 250 mA. max off-voltage = 50VDC	
	/CurrLimit			HI when amplifier is not current limiting; LO when current is limit is active.	
	HI output v	oltage		+5V (No load). Output is LM339 open collector with $10k\Omega$ pullup resistor to +5V	
	LO output	voltage		Max sink current of 15 mA, max off voltage = 32VDC	
	AmpOK			Opto-isolated signal: opto-transistor output stage of optocoupler	
				Transistor is ON when Amp is OK (see above)	
				One output is connected to pins 7 & 19 of both J1 & J3	
STATUS LEDS					
	Amp OK	Blinking G	reen	Power OK, no faults, amp will run when enabled	
	Normal	Solid Gree	n	Amplifier OK AND Amp Enabled	
	Fault	Solid Red		Amplifier NOT OK (Over voltage, /Motemp not connected or open)	
	Latching Fault	Blinking R	ea	Heatplate overtemp or short circuit (output-output, output-ground, output-+HV or internal)	
MONITOR OUT	PUTS				
	Current Monitor U			Motor winding current in U phase: $\pm 10$ V @ $\pm 25$ A or 2.5 A/V (2.2 k $\Omega$ , 4.7 nF R-C filter)	
	Current Monitor V			Motor winding current in V phase: $\pm 10$ V @ $\pm 25$ A or 2.5 A/V (2.2 k $\Omega$ , 4.7 nF R-C filter)	



# MODEL 7225X1 LINE-ISOLATED AC BRUSHLESS SERVO AMPLIFIER WITH +/-10V ANALOG U-V INPUTS

PROTECTIVE FEA	TURES				
Short circuit Latches unit		Latches unit OFF	OFF (Power off/on, or ground at /Reset input resets)		
Overtemperature Latches unit		Latches unit OFF	t OFF at 70°C on heatplate (Power off/on, or ground at /Reset input resets)		
Wire /Reset		Wire /Reset input	to ground for automatic reset after latching fault		
Under voltage	ge	Shutdown at DC I	buss < 22 VDC		
Over voltage	9	Shutdown at DC I	buss > 195 VDC		
(Amplifier or			operation resumes when internal DC buss is NOT Under voltage or NOT Over voltage)		
Current-limit	ling	Continuous curre	bus current and I <sup>2</sup> T limit set by header components		
		Current is reduce	Current is reduced to continuous setting when I <sup>2</sup> T limit is reached.		
		$ I_{\rm U} $ , $ I_{\rm V} $ are hardware limited to 26A, whereas $ I_{\rm W}  = -(I_{\rm U} + I_{\rm V})$ at all times			
		Maximum I <sup>2</sup> T sett	ing (H13 = H14 = 0 ohms) will activate latching fault after 25Arms for 2.5s		
		Minimum I <sup>2</sup> T setti	ng (H13 = H14 = Open) will activate latching fault after 25Arms for 80mS		
		Limiting action re	duces transconductance so relative amplitude of U,V,W currents is maintained for no loss of phase		
		/CurrLimit output	CurrLimit output indicates when current limiting is active.		
		Amplifier will shut	lifier will shutdown (latching fault)if $ I_W  > 29A$ at any time.		
AMPLIFIER DISSIF	PATION				
	Watts maximum at Vref = 0, amp	lifier enabled	7 W		
Watts @ continuous current			60 W		
THERMAL REQUIR	REMENTS				
	Storage temperature range		-30°C to +85°C		
	Operating temperature range		0° to 70°C baseplate temperature		
	Thermal resistance (heatplate to	ambient):	mbient): No heatsink or fan: 2.7 deg. C/W: With heatsink, no fan: 1.6 deg. C/W		
		,	No heatsink with fan: 1 deg. C/W; With heatsink and fan: 0.4 deg. C/W		
MECHANICAL					
	Size		7.35 x 4.4 x 1.40 in. without optional heatsink		
	Weight		1.48 lb. (0.67 kg)		
CONNECTORS					
J1	Power & Motor connections		6-position Euro connector		
J2	2 Signal connections		25-position female Sub-D type. #4-40 standoffs for cable shell lock screws		



# FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM





# CONNECTORS

# **J1 POWER AND MOTOR WINDING CONNECTIONS**

Connector type: Euro style terminal block.

PIN	SIGNAL	FUNCTION
1	Motor W	Amplifier output to "W" winding of motor
2	Motor V	Amplifier output to "V" winding of motor
3	Motor U	Amplifier output to "U" winding of motor
4	Chassis Gnd	Chassis safety ground. Also for cable shield of motor cable.
5	HV(-)	DC Power Gnd/Return (Note: HV is isolated from 0V signal ground)
6	HV(+)	DC Power Input

### **J2 SIGNAL CONNECTIONS**

Connector type: Female Sub-D, 25-position, #4-40 locking standoffs

PIN	SIGNAL	FUNCTION	PIN	SIGNAL	FUNCTION
1	Safety GND (Case)	Chassis ground. Use to ground cable shield. Not connected to internal signal ground (J3-12, 13,16).			
2	U Ref (+)	Positive terminal of differential +/-10V analog command input	14	U Ref (-)	Negative terminal of differential +/-10V analog command input
3	V Ref (+)	Positive terminal of differential +/-10V analog command input	15	V Ref (-)	Negative terminal of differential +/-10V analog command input
4	N.C.		16	0V.	Signal ground.
5	/Enable input	Amplifier enable	17	N.C.	
6	/Normal output	Mosfet output amp status	18	N.C.	
7	Amp OK (-) output	Opto-isolator emitter (NPN)	19	Amp OK (+) output	Opto-isolator collector (NPN)
8	N.C.		20	N.C.	
9	/CLIMIT	Current limit status	21	Motemp	(Note 1)
10	Current Monitor U	+/-10V @ +/-25 A	22	/Reset input	
11	Current Monitor V	+/-10V @ +/-25 A	23	N.C.	(Note 2)
12	0V.	Signal ground.	24	N.C.	(Note 2)
13	0V.	Signal ground <i>must be</i> connected to the controller.	25	N.C.	(Note 2)

1. The motor temperature sensor input is supported on 7225X1. J2-21 must be grounded for amplifier to operate (motor temp sensor should be a normally-closed switch that opens when motor is too hot



# TYPICAL AMPLIFIER CONNECTIONS





### MODEL 7225X1 LINE-ISOLATED AC BRUSHLESS SERVO AMPLIFIER WITH +/-10V ANALOG U-V INPUTS

PC BOARD LAYOUT



# HEADER SOCKET COMPONENTS

Part	Value	Remarks
H15	N/a	No function
H14	86.6kΩ	I <sup>2</sup> T Current Limit select
H13	0Ω <short></short>	I <sup>2</sup> T Threshold Current select
H12	<out></out>	Ch. V Current Error Amp hi-frequency roll off
H11	30.1kΩ	Ch. V Current Error Amp proportional gain
H10	100nF	Ch. V Current Error Amp integrator
H9	<out></out>	Ch. U Current Error Amp hi-frequency roll off
H8	30.1kΩ	Ch. U Current Error Amp proportional gain
H7	100nF	Ch. V Current Error Amp integrator
H6	<out></out>	Ch. V Continuous Current Limit
H5	75kΩ	Ch. V Transconductance
H4	<out></out>	Ch. U Continuous Current Limit
H3	75kΩ	Ch. U Transconductance
H2	1.5MΩ	Ch. U Balance Range select
H1	1.5MΩ	Ch. V Balance Range select



# HEADER SOCKET COMPONENT SELECTION

### LOAD INDUCTANCE

L (mH)	H8, H11 @ 80V	H8, H11 @ 160V	H7, H10
0.4	16.5k	11k	33nF
1	32.4k	18.2k	33nF
3	86.6k	42.4k	33nF
10	249k	124k	33nF
30	750k	392k	33nF

Note: Table values apply with components H9 & H12 not installed. Values in **bold and italic** are factory installed.

### **CURRENT LIMITS**

A micro controller uses an  $I^2T$  algorithm to monitor to protect against overload conditions. The  $I^2T$  overload protection for each channel operates independent of the other. The algorithm detects when the current is any phase exceeds the continuous current limit level set by the header component H13. The  $I^2T$  algorithm tracks the energy of the overload ( $A^2$  sec) and when the  $I^2T$  limit is reached, the output current is limited to a level set by H4 and H6. The following tables or equations can be used to select header component values to obtain the desired over-current protection setting.

Cont. Current (A)	H4 & H6 (Ohm_)	H13 (Ohm)
10	<out></out>	0 Ohms (short)
8	2.5k	16k
6	825	49k
4	383	150k
2	150	<out></out>

I <sup>2</sup> T Limit (A <sup>2</sup> sec)	H14 (Ohm)
1250	0 (short)
800	16k
450	49k
200	150k
50	<out></out>



Example: The I<sup>2</sup>T set point applies only to the energy delivered to the load over and above the continuous rating of the load. The amplifier's microchip is informed of the continuous current rating of the load via header resistor H13. The I<sup>2</sup>T set point is set via header resistor H14. Using a 0 Ohm value for H14 gives an I<sup>2</sup>T set point of 1250 A^2\*S. If a 0 ohm value is also used for H13, the continuous current setting is set to 10A. This means for a 25 Arms current on either phase U,V, or W, the I^2\*T protection will activate (current is forced to continuous limit as set by H4,H6 after a time T =  $1250 \text{ A}^2*\text{S}/(25^2-10^2) = 2.4$  seconds.

### BALANCE RANGE AND TRANSCONDUCTANCE SETTINGS

Header components H1 & H2 control the offset range. Default value is 1.5Mohm that gives a range of +/-350mA. The ratio between output current, and the reference voltage at the input is the *transconductance* of the amplifier. It is measured in Amps/Volt, and is controlled by components H3 & H5. The chart below gives some common settings.

Gain (A/V)	H3 & H5
2.5	102k
2.0	75.0k
1.5	59k
1	29.4k
0.5	14.3k



### DIMENSIONS

Note: Dimensions in inches (mm.)





NOTES

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